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JC: Well, actua	Zoom Ily I've done that a	Move Iso on tap	Text e, in ma	Select aking th	Annotate ae piece called <i>William</i>	r		IC: It's v	erv diffi	cult to sav	. what happ	ens. I thi	nk listener	rs

Mix . . . where the sounds are recorded and then scratched, and then changed-

October 21–23, 1991/Cage and Retallack 93

Auteursrechtelijk bescher

manually changed. There're lots of such correspondences. It's only natural, think. I'm still attracted, even at this point in technology, I'm attracted to t idea of cutting things up and putting them together. I think that the principle collage is very important in all aspects of the century, hmm? . . . in our hear One of the troubles with some technology is that it makes it almost impossib to use collage. It makes it so easy to produce an effect with a blurring-over. JR: Yes. I think that's true. It smooths out all-

JC: -Smooths out all the difficulties. So that you get your finished work befo "ve even begun (laughter)



COLLAGE Fr.: collage; Ger.: Collage; Sp.: collage.

A painting term introduced by the Cubists then the Futurists and Surrealists to designate the practice of juxtaposing two hetero geneous elements or materials, or artistic objects with real objects.

1. Collage is a reaction against the aesthetics of a visual work of art made of a single material and containing elements which are harmoniously melded within a specific form or frame. It uses all kinds of materials, thematizes the poetic act of fashioning them, entertains itself with daring and provocative juxtapositions.

Collage plays on the work's signifiers, on its materiality. The presence of common or unexpected materials guarantees a meaningful openness* of the work and makes it impossible to find an order or logic within t. (Montage, on the other hand, compares

reactions according to the experience of the original arias, I them, by heart, if they're chestnuts, then when things overla it as an obstruction or as a change having some effect. It mig "Collage ... is direct quotation, literal repetition or cita of thing that we associate with the word "meaning," of bring and reassembling of these fragments of meanings, in questioning of the notion of representation as finding are not together . . . bringing them together. Or, really have that was possibly meaningful. Now in my case, where I can, out of old, to connect what may appear dissimilar in general (theory, process, classification etc.)" (Shanks remember one-or very few-I wasn't troubled by any of that I did do was to pulverize, you might say, the instrumer no changes in the arias.

Verbal collage: Collections of scraps of conversations or sounds (for example, R. WILSON in his Letter to Queen Victoria), the theatre of the absurd* as it skips from one theme to another, a collage of social stereotypes in Joël DRAGUTIN's La Baie de Naples.

Collage in stage design: Pictorial technique of



WARKING WARNING ACTS OF LITERATURE AND OESCENITIES ON FALL-OUT SHELTER WALLS WILL BE PROSECUTED AND, IF GUILTY WILL BE SENTENCED TO PLASTIC BAG DISPOSAL DUTY IN THE CHI DORMITORIES FOR THE REMAINDER OF THEIR LIVES.NOTE : SENTENCES WI OF THREE WEEKS' DURATION IN THE CASES OF UNUSUALLY LONG LIVED CU

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collab-

WSB: I did not create it. It was created by Brion Gysin. It's really a painter's technique, an extension of the collage technique, which was pretty old hat in painting at that time. It is closer really to the process of human perception. You see, should I stand in front of a landscape and paint it, I'm completely ignoring the factor of time. While I am painting it, it's changing, clouds are changing, all sorts of things. So there's the myth there of someone creating in a timeless vacuum. Now, so I say, take a walk around the block, come back, and put what you have seen on canvas. What have you seen You have seen fragments. You've seen a man cut in half by a car, you've seen reflections in the shop indaw

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I have said this too many times to make it interesting even to myself, but the principle of collage is one of the central principles of art in this century and it seems also to me to be one of the central principles of literature.

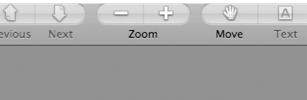
"A Symposium on Fiction", p. 76

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AG: [Reading]: Please tell us about Brion Gysin [painter and Burroughs collaborator]. How was the cutup technique created? What was Mr. Burroughs intention in creating this technique? How did the



A word is a word is a collage

Transcript of a roundtable discussion with Donald Barthelme, William S. Burroughs, John Cage and Marcel Duchamp

Donald Barthelme I'm only beginning the discussion because yesterday there was a colloquium on collage at which Mr. Duchamp and Mr. Cage talked about various issues at insufficient length and I had at that time a 44–part question which I did not get an opportunity to ask and I'll give you a short form of that this morning. The issue yesterday, unless I've misperceived it, was what kind of knowing is peculiar to collage. The question is for John Cage and it is "What knowledge does a collage put forward?"

John Cage It's very difficult to say ... what happens.

Marcel Duchamp That was it.

 \underline{JC} ... It might have, oh the sort of thing that we associate with the word "meaning", of bringing two things that are not together ... bringing them together. Or, really have the effect of collage that was possibly meaningful.

<u>DB</u> I was probably wrong, or too general. You pointed out however that New York City is or can be regarded as collage, as opposed to, say, a tribal village in which all of the huts (or yurts, or whatever) are the same hut, duplicated. The point of collage is that unlike things are stuck together to make, in the best case, may be or imply a comment on the other reality from which it came, and may be also much else. It's an *itself*: if it's successful.

<u>MD</u> What made me say things like that was because it was necessary to get rid of its conventional usage and to obtain another opening onto other landscapes, so to speak.

JC Well, actually I've done that also on tape, in making the piece called *Williams Mix...* where the sounds are recorded and then scratched, and then changed – manually changed. There're lots of such correspondences. It's only natural, I think. I'm still attracted, even at this point in technology, I'm attracted to the idea of cutting things up and putting them together. I think that the principle of collage is very important in all aspects of the century, hmm? in our hearts. One of the troubles with some technology is that it makes it almost impossible to use collage. It makes it so easy to produce an effect with a blurring-over.

<u>William S. Burroughs</u> Word falling, photo falling.

[Laughter]

 \underline{JC} That's off in limbo. If it happened, though, it would be interesting.

<u>WSB</u> Oh absolutely, absolutely ...

[...]

<u>DB</u> I've been told by a neurologist that writing comes from the left brain in right-handed people and painting from the right brain, so I'm glad our brains may be getting together. I think there is an analogy. I have said this too many times to make it interesting even to myself, but the principle of collage is one of the central principles of art in this century and it seems also to me to be one of the central principles in literature. *Finnegans Wake* and *Ulysses* are obviously the chief cases in point, Joyce is the great collagist, literary collagist, of the century.

<u>WSB</u> Yeah. You see the random factor in life every time you look out the window or walk down the street. Your consciousness is being continually cut by random factors. I try to make this explicit by taking words and cutting them up. That's what happens all the time anyway...

<u>MD</u> Exactly, because the other side, which is important, is description – the literary part, if you prefer it. The description of the visual part is the literary part. That is why I say welding; the welding of the two sources is very important.

WSB I expect to see the formation of an ideographic language.

<u>DB</u> Yes, yes ...

<u>DB</u> It's a phenomenom the classic example of which is [Sergei] Eisenstein's discussion of montage, where he juxtaposed different pictures, or the same pictures in different ways, and got different responses from the viewers. One of the beautiful things about words is that you can put words together which in isolation mean nothing, or mean only what the dictionary says they mean, and you put them together and you get extraordinary effects.

[...]

<u>WSB</u> ... So I am a public agent and don't know who I work for, get my instructions from street signs, newspapers, and pieces of conversation I snap out of the air ...

 $\underline{\rm MD}$ That was the pun, the visual pun – that when you picked it up, you understood it was marble rather than sugar.

[...]

Composed and edited by Niekolaas Johannes Lekkerkerk on the occasion of the exhibition *All the Pieces, Back Together* with Elena Damiani and Frauke Dannert at Selma Feriani Gallery, London, 28 November 2013 – 18 January 2014.